

ROSCOMMON FOREST MANAGEMENT UNIT COMPARTMENT REVIEW PRESENTATION

COMPARTMENT # 164 ENTRY YEAR: 2011

Compartment Acreage: 1886 County: Roscommon

Revision Date: 6/30/09

Stand Examiner: D. Ekdom

Legal Description: T21N R3W Sections 31-33

Management Goals: Maintain current age and species diversity in a range of early and late successional

ecosystems.

Soil and Topography: Terrain is mostly level to slightly rolling and soils are Grayling, Rubicon, and Roselawn sands in the upland areas and Rifle Peat and Houghton Muck in the lower drainages and swamps.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment: Compartment is entirely state owned with the exception of the SWSW Section 31 and is surrounded by state land except for a mix of private and state land to the south in Clare County. An R-4077 Lands Proposed for Acquisition has been submitted for the 40 acre private parcel in the SWSW of Section 31.

Unique, Natural Features: There are no known or recorded T & E species in the compartment. However, many OFS hits for T & E species have been recorded on surrounding lands.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features: None known or detected during fieldwork. Good potential for all three in compartment especially along Townline Creek.

Special Management Designations or Considerations: Stands along Townline Creek have been proposed for an SCA based on Townline Creek.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations: Townline Creek is a Type 1 coldwater trout stream. Numerous RDR's have been submitted within the Townline Creek drainage and need to be dealt with this year-of-entry. Bell Lake is in the SE1/4 of Section 32.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations: Maintain ecosystem diversity in the compartment via habitat manipulation to benefit game species such as deer, grouse, rabbits, and turkeys as well as non-game species.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions: Surface sediments consist of ice-contact and glacial outwash sand and gravel and postglacial alluvium. The glacial drift thickness varies between 400 and 800 feet. Beneath the glacial drift is the Pennsylvanian Saginaw Formation. The Saginaw is quarried for brick making clay elsewhere in the State. Most of the good gravel pits are associated with upland areas. A gravel pit is located in Section 36, but potential does not appear to be good. Part of Headquarters Field is located in the Compartment. The field has produced over 11.3 million BO and 4.2 Bcf gas primarily from the Devonian Richfield Formation and is in secondary recovery operations currently. The Compartment was leased at the May 2008 oil and gas lease auction. All well sites within the compartment

have been abandoned. However, many well sites to the north of the compartment on state land are still producing oil and gas.

Vehicle Access: Vehicle access is good via county roads, seasonal county roads, and forest two-tracks and fire breaks. Numerous RDR's in the compartment need to be dealt with via closing off vehicle access to certain areas and rehabilitation of some of the areas.

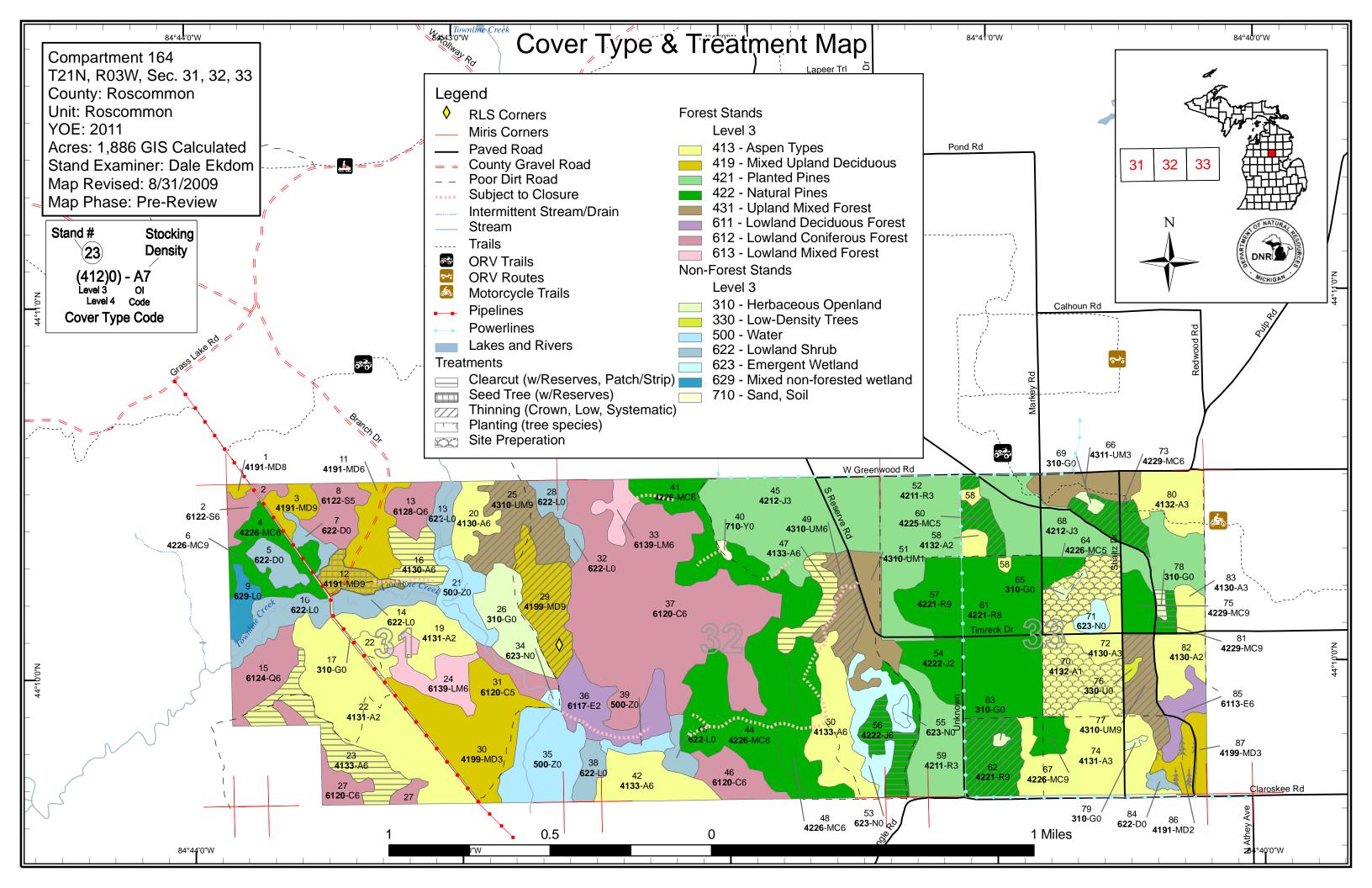
Survey Needs: None necessary at this time.

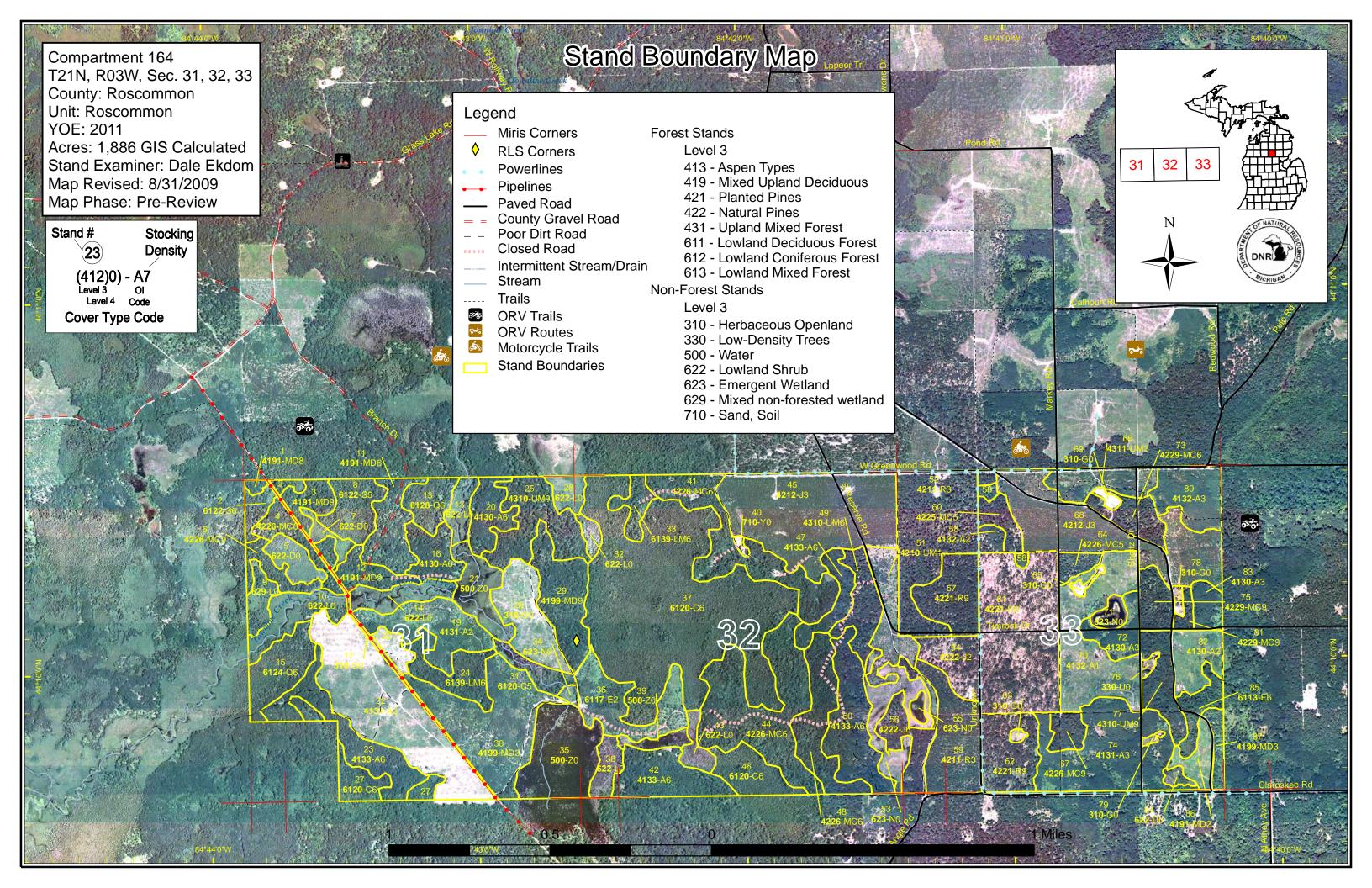
Recreational Facilities and Opportunities: No organized recreational facilities are located within the compartment but dispersed camping associated with hunting is heavy and there is heavy illegal ORV use and snowmobile use on the seasonal county roads and forest two-tracks.

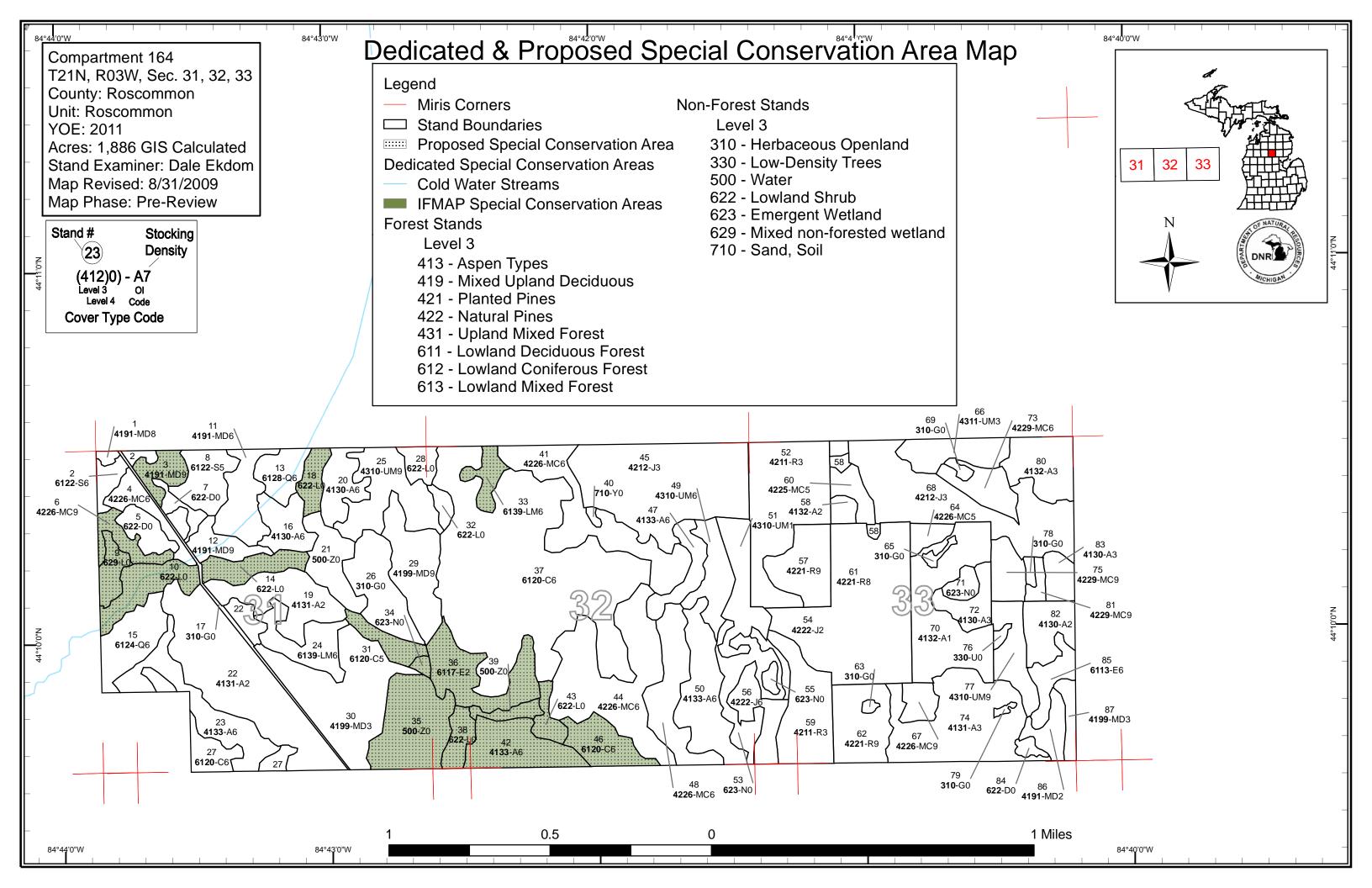
Fire Protection: This compartment is a mosaic of pine, hardwood, and swamp cover types with good vehicle access and the compartment has lots of man-made and natural fire breaks. However, this compartment is within the Zone 4 fire dispatch area due to the oil field and the presence of some larger areas of R/J pine cover types on the east side of the compartment.

Additional Compartment Information: Some attention will need to paid to dealing with the numerous RDR's in the compartment. 69 acres of final harvest/seed tree cuts in aspen, oak, and pine, 149 acres of thinning in oak and pine, and 61 acres of red pine plantings are prescribed in the compartment this year-of-entry.

- ➤ The following 5 reports from the Operations Inventory System (OIPC) are attached:
 - **♦** Cover Type by Age Class
 - **♦** Cover Type by Management Objective
 - **♦** Compartment Volume Summary
 - **♦** Proposed Treatments No Limiting Factors
 - **♦** Proposed Treatments With Limiting Factors
- > The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:
 - ♦ Base feature information, stand numbers, cover types
 - **♦** Proposed treatments
 - ♦ Proposed road access system
 - ♦ Suggested potential old growth







Covertype, Acres, and Age summary

Roscommon Mgt. Unit

(Level 3 Cover Type)

Compartment 164 Year of Entry 2011

Report Date: 08/28/2009



Age Class

			$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		7	$\overline{}$			7		$\overline{}$		7 7
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Aspen Types	0	150	64	75	0	87	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	423
Emergent Wetland	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31
Herbaceous Openland	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
Low-Density Trees	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Lowland Coniferous Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	8	232	22	0	0	0	288
Lowland Deciduous Forest	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	41
Lowland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	28
Lowland Shrub	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85
Mixed non-forested wetland	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	10	57	27	0	0	0	0	11	2	30	10	0	0	0	147
Natural Pines	0	0	4	0	6	30	137	0	12	123	0	0	9	0	59	379
Planted Pines	0	0	185	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	243
Sand, Soil	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	18	0	18	32	0	0	0	0	108
Water	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62
Total	229	160	380	160	25	117	183	18	48	162	294	32	9	0	67	1886

			mon Mgt. Unit y Method: IFMAP			ATMENTS ACTORS	Compartment: 164 Date 08	Entry Yr: 2011
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Page 1 of 3 Objective
12	71164012-Cut	10.9	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer	High Density Log	77	Harvest	Seed Tree with Reserves	Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer
Rev Cmnt:	protect residua	I WP unde	erstory - shortwood only	y(?)				
Rev Spec:	shelterwood pr	ep by rem	oving hardwoods/JP bu	ut mark 30-40 SF of	good oak	seed trees to leave	and leave all R/W pine	e
Next Steps:	<u>:</u>							
16	71164016-Cut	14.7	4130 - Aspen	High Density Pole	42	Harvest	Clearcut	Aspen
Rev Cmnt:	no retention ot pine mix if star			all size of the stand,	any comb	ination of hardwood	s/pine to a fully stocke	d stand is acceptable, plant R/W
Rev Spec:	final harvest 2" diversity and w			ffer lowland brush to	the east/s	south and swamp to	the northwest, mark s	some oak and pine to leave for
Next Steps:	regeneration s	urvey						
23	71164023-Cut	31.0	4133 - Aspen, Mixed Pine	High Density Pole	45	Harvest	Clearcut with Reserves	Aspen, Mixed Pine
Rev Cmnt:	culvert and fill retention, poss	will need to ibly will ne	o be installed to harves eed a survey to establis	et west arm as there sh private property li	is a steep ne	drainage which will	need to be crossed O	R leave west of draiange for
Rev Spec:				xed pine, buffer swa	mp for ret	ention and use "rabl	oitat" spec along swam	np, mark some scattered oak and
Next Steps:	regeneration s	urvey						
25	71164025-Cut	31.8	4310 - Pine, Oak Mix	High Density Log	90	Harvest	Crown Thinning	Pine, Oak
Rev Cmnt:	buffer lowland	brush stan	nd to the east for retent	ion, leave all aspen	in the star	nd until it's more me	chantable	
Rev Spec:		and mark I	R/W pine and oak to cu	ut, residual target BA	A for pine a	and oak is 90 SF, m	anage for a mix of O/F	•
Next Steps:	<u>:</u>							
29	71164029-Cut	30.2	4199 - Other Mixed Upland Deciduous	High Density Log	90	Harvest	Crown Thinning	Other Mixed Upland Deciduous
Rev Cmnt:	eliminate areas especially the I			o site won't be taken	over by a	spen, buffer lowland	shrub to the east and	retain conifers for retention
Rev Spec:	thin stand to 90 trees to cut inc	SF where luding RM	e oak is heavy by remo , maintain as mix of Oa	oving red maple and ak/RM/A with scatte	pin oak fir red conifer	st, create holes whe	ere possible to begin st	tarting oak regeneration, mark all
Next Steps:	<u>.</u>							

S t	Roscommon Mgt. Unit Inventory Method: IFMAP				EATMENTS FACTORS	Compartment: 164 Date 08	Entry Yr: 2011	
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Page 2 of 3 Objective
47	71164047-Cut	12.4	4133 - Aspen, Mixed Pine	High Density Pole	50	Harvest	Clearcut with Reserves	Aspen, Mixed Pine
Rev Cmnt:	expand into su does not regen	rrounding erate	stands where possible,	any combination of	hardwoo	ds/pine to a fully sotcl	ked stand is acceptab	ole, plant R/W pine mix if stand
Rev Spec:			ffer swamp to the west as for diversity/retention, r					on heavy pine areas and leave
Next Steps:								
49	71164049-Cut	17.7	4310 - Pine, Oak Mix	High Density Pole	68	Harvest	Crown Thinning	Pine, Oak
Rev Cmnt: Rev		eave R/M	V pine and oak, manage	e for a mixed stand o	of R/W nir	ne and oak		
Spec: Next Steps:			, pino and oan, manago					
56	71164056-Cut	16.1	42220 - Natural Jack Pine	High Density Pole	48	Harvest	Clearcut	Planted Red Pine
Rev Cmnt:	no retention otl	ner than b	buffers due to small size	of the stand				
<u>Rev</u> Spec:	final harvest 2"	spec, bu	ffer lowland brush on no	orth end and wet me	adow on	west		
Next Steps:	trench/plant re	d pine						
60	71164060-Cut	10.5	42250 - Pine, Oak	Medium Density Pole	68	Harvest	Low Thinning	Pine, Oak
Rev Cmnt:	watch visuals of	n Parren	t Drive					
Rev Spec:			ne and marking oak an	d R/W pine to cut, th	nin oak/pi	ine to residual of 90 -	120 SF/Acre dependi	ng on starting density, favor
Next Steps:								
62	71164062-Cut	26.1	42210 - Natural Red Pine	High Density Log	80	Harvest	Low Thinning	Natural Red Pine
Rev Cmnt:	avoid damage	to unders	story oak/white pine whe	re possible to enhar	nce divers	sity in the stand		
Rev Spec:	thin to 120 SF/	Acre, rem	nove suppressed/low qu	ality trees				
Next Steps:	evaluate next \	OE for fi	nal harvest or additiona	l thinning				
73	71164073-Cut	14.0	42290 - Natural Mixed Pine	High Density Pole	33	Harvest	Low Thinning	Natural Mixed Pine
Rev Cmnt:	watch oil well li	ne within	stand - H2S, watch OR	V trail thru stand, wa	atch visua	als on Parrent Drive		
Rev Spec:			and jack pine and mark	pine and oak to cut	, thin pine	e/oak to 90 - 120 SF //	Acre residual depend	ing on starting density, favor
Next Steps:								

S t	t		· ·			ATMENTS ACTORS	Compartment: 164 Date 08	Entry Yr: 2011
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Page 3 of 3 Objective
77 Rev	71164077-Cut	18.0	4310 - Pine, Oak Mix	High Density Log	80	Harvest	Low Thinning	Pine, Oak
Cmnt: Rev Spec:								oak over pin oak when marking, ssed/low quality R/W pine first
Next Steps:	evaluate need	for addition	onal thinning next YOE					
81	71164081-Cut	3.6	42290 - Natural Mixed Pine	High Density Log	80	Harvest	Clearcut	Planted Red Pine, Mixed Deciduous
Rev Cmnt:	no retention du	ie to smal	I size of the stand					
Rev Spec:	final harvest 2"	spec						
Next Steps:	trench and plan	nt red pine	9					
70	71164070- Prep	51.1	4132 - Aspen, Jack Pine		5	Site Prep	Trenching	Planted Red Pine, Mixed Deciduous
Rev Cmnt:	leave areas tha	at are well	stocked in A/O/J untrer	nched				
Rev Spec:	cut 2003 and p		red pine in 2004 w/o tre ites de-commissioned, t					d pine mortality, pipelines are
Next Steps:	hand plant red	pine						
86	71164086- Plant	9.8	4191 - Mixed Upland Deciduous with Conifer		6	Tree Planting	Hand Plant	Planted Red Pine, Mixed Deciduous

<u>Cmnt:</u> avoid re-planting in areas well-stocked in natural JP/Oak/Aspen regeneration

Rev Spec: Cut 2002, planted 2004 to red pine without trenching due to above ground flowlines approx. 50% mortality on the RP seedlings noted in 2008 regen. survey, re-plant with fill-in RP to get full stocking in areas not fully stocked

Next regeneration survey

Steps:

Total Treatment

298.0 Acreage Proposed:

Roscommon Mgt. Unit S **Inventory Method: IFMAP** t

Acres

Stage1

Cover Type

PROPOSED TREATMENTS WITH LIMITING FACTORS

Stand

Age

Treatment

Type

Size

Density

Compartment: 164

Treatment

Method

Objective

Entry Yr: 2011 Date 08/28/2009

Limiting Factor and Comment:

Treatment

Name

Rev Cmnt:

а

n

d

Rev Spec:

Next Steps:

No Treatment Reason

> **Total Treatment** Acreage Proposed:

0

Cover Type

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PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

Compartment: 164 Date: 08/28/2009

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* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatIves (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

Inventory Method: IFMAP

Stand	SCA Name	Acres	Comments
3	71164003	10.0	propose for old growth
6	71164006	9.3	SCA conservation values include connectivity/corridor. large older pine trees, trending toward all-aged
31	71164031	9.3	SCA conservation values are free flowing stream in natural drainageway
33	71164033	8.6	mixed conifer swamp where SCA conservation values are diverse number of swamp HW's and conifers with lots of vertical and horizontal structure in the form of X-log WP and blowdowns
36	71164036	29.9	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
42	71164042	26.2	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand as well as lots of vertical and horizontal structure developing in the form of X-log WP and blowdowns
46	71164046	17.3	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand as well as diverse number of swamp HW's and conifers with lots of vertical and horizontal structure in the form of X-log WP and blowdowns
9	NF_71164009	8.7	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
10	NF_71164010	18.9	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
14	NF_71164014	13.5	SCA conservation values are connectivity corridor aspects of stand
18	NF_71164018	8.4	SCA conservation values are connectivity corridor aspects of stand
34	NF_71164034	1.8	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
35	NF_71164035	38.0	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
38	NF_71164038	8.5	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
39	NF_71164039	5.2	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand
43	NF_71164043	6.7	SCA conservation values are connectivity/corridor aspects of stand

Report Date: 08/28/2009 Roscommon Mgt. Unit

Compartment: 164

ERA = Ecological Reference Area



DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservation Type Area		Description	HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area				
SCA	Archaeological Site	An aquatic or terrestrial area of the State that contains physical remains of human occupation. These are sites of cultural and historical significance that may occur upon terrestrial areas and Great Lakes bottomlands. They include thousands of Native American settlements and burial sites, as well as French and British outposts, nineteenth century logging camps, mines and homesteads. Beneath the waters of the Great Lakes, there are shipwrecks and other remains documenting the maritime trade. Such sites may be identified by Natural heritage data from the State Historic Preservation Office. Proposed treatments in this compartment will be implemented in such a manner as to maintain the integrity of these sites. Due to the sensitive nature of this information, no further detail about location is available.					
SCA	Cold Water Stream	A coldwater stream has temperature and dissolved oxygen cond stocked trout populations and those of other coldwater fish spector year. Coldwater streams in Michigan typically provide these or groundwater to their stream flows. Such streams are established trout resources by Fisheries Order 210.	ies (e.g., slimy sculpin) to persist from year onditions due to substantial contributions of				
SCA	Potential Old Growth Areas	This category contains stands were identified for a broad range of database as stand condition 8 as potential old growth (POG). Identified through the Operations Inventory (OI)/Compartment R 2008 and forward, potential old growth is managed for the identified the Biodiversity Conservation Planning Process (BCPP) and give an ERA, HCVA, or other type of SCA) and is released from the preleased from the potential old growth designation via the Comp	Approximately 310,000 acres have been eview process. For stands in Year of Entry fied objective until it is: 1) vetted through en a specific designation and objective (as potential old growth designation; or 2) it is				