

ROSCOMMON FOREST MANAGEMENT UNIT COMPARTMENT REVIEW PRESENTATION

COMPARTMENT # 109 ENTRY YEAR: 2011

Compartment Acreage: 1293 County: Roscommon

Revision Date: 3/11/09

Stand Examiner: D. Ekdom

Legal Description: T22N R04W Sections 7 – 9

Management Goals: Maintain current age and species diversity in a range of early and late successional ecosystems given access constraints due to terrain.

Soil and Topography: Terrain is relatively flat throughout most of the compartment and soils are Rifle peat, Newton Loamy sand, Bergland loam and clay loam, and Saugatuck sand.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment: Compartment is a solid block of state land and is surrounded by state land except on the east side. Private property to the east is seasonal and permanent homes on acreage and agricultural land.

Unique, Natural Features: Yellow rail and spotted turtle are documented in this compartment. Potential for Blandings turtle, eastern massasauga, osprey, great blue heron, northern harrier, and other rare wetland birds.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features: None known or discovered during fieldwork.

Special Management Designations or Considerations: Houghton Lake Wildlife Research Area (Porter Ranch) is a Special Conservation Area.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations: Nellsville Drain and associated wetlands including the outlet for the Houghton Lake Sewage Treatment Facility.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations: Maintain ecosystem diversity in the compartment via habitat manipulation to benefit game species such as deer, grouse, rabbits, ducks, and geese as well as non-game species.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions: Surface sediments consist of peat & muck, dune sand and glacial outwash sand and gravel and postglacial alluvium. The glacial drift thickness varies between 400 and 600 feet. Beneath the glacial drift is the Pennsylvanian Saginaw Formation. The Saginaw is quarried for clay for brick making in other areas of the State. Most of the good gravel pits are associated with upland areas. Gravel pits are located in Section 4 and there maybe be some potential. The Nellsville Field is located in Section 17 to the south. The field has produced over 59,000 BO from the Devonian Richfield Formation. The Compartment is not currently leased.

Vehicle Access: Poor due to wet terrain except for oil well road in Section 8.

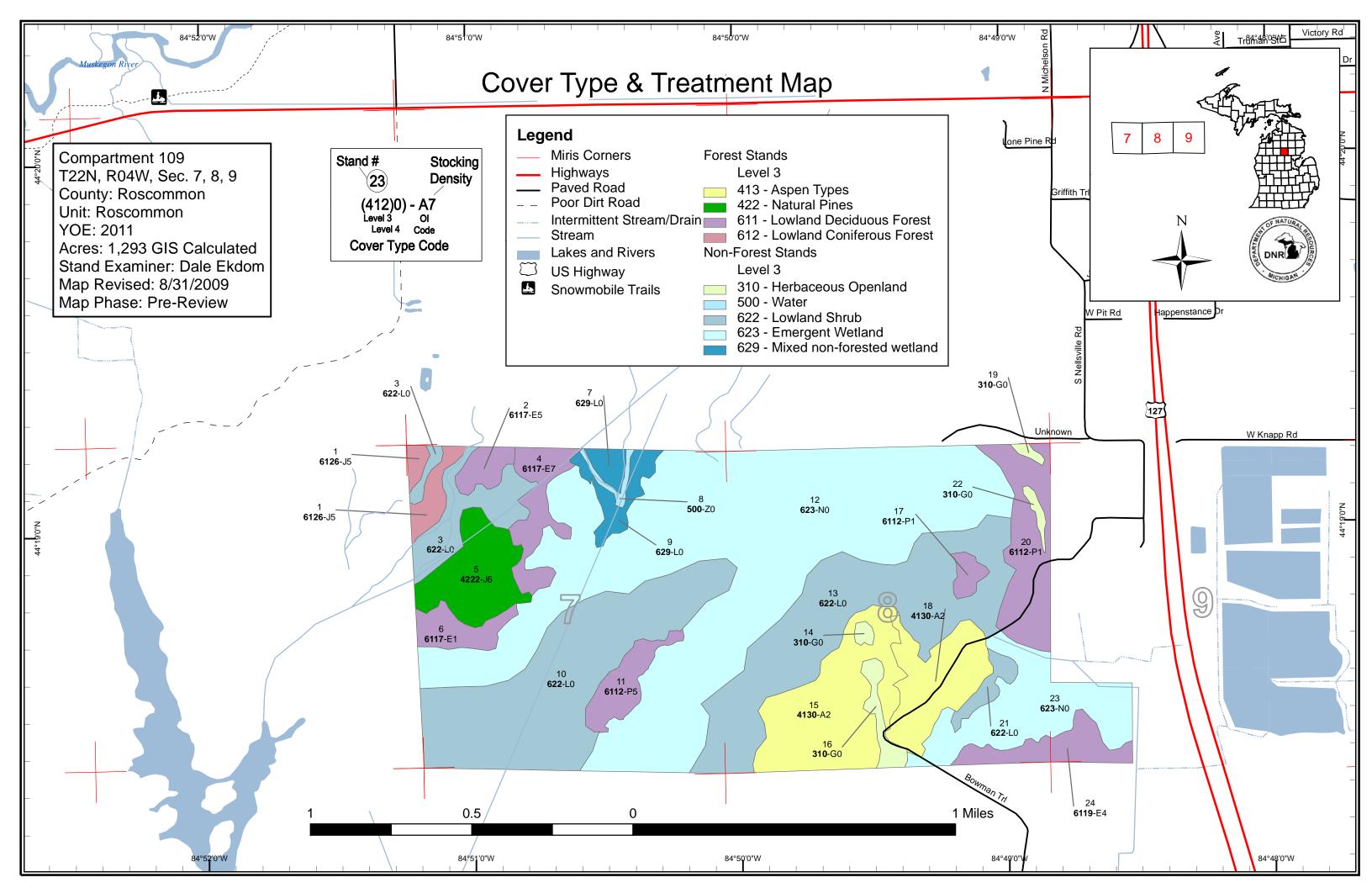
Survey Needs: None necessary at this time.

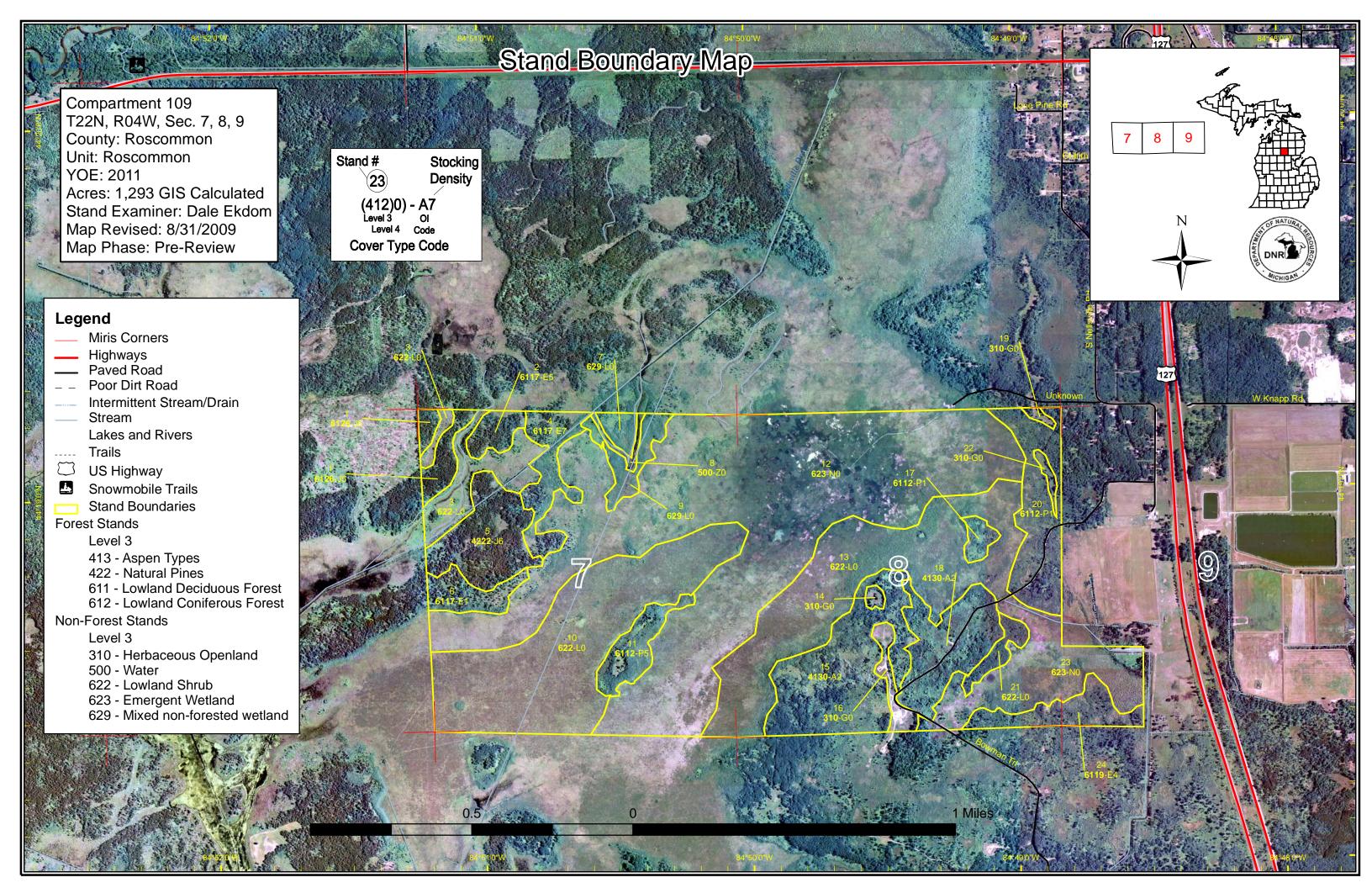
Recreational Facilities and Opportunities: No developed recreational facilities at this time but good potential for dispersed activities such as hunting and bird-watching.

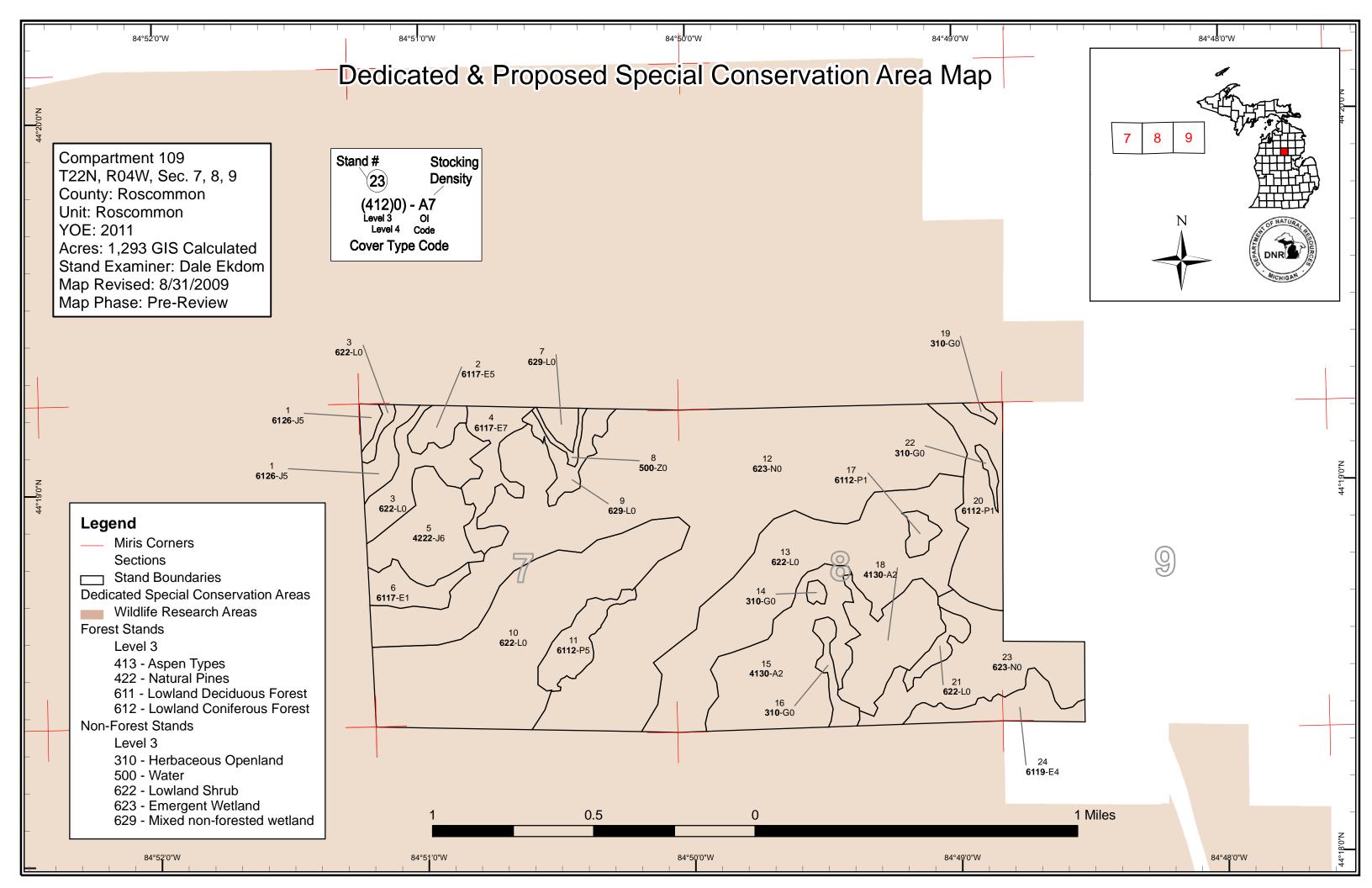
Fire Protection: No unusual needs anticipated due to terrain and proximity to suppression forces.

Additional Compartment Information: There are no treatments prescribed in the compartment this year-of-entry.

- > The following 5 reports from the Operations Inventory System (OIPC) are attached:
 - **♦** Cover Type by Age Class
 - **♦** Cover Type by Management Objective
 - **♦** Compartment Volume Summary
 - **♦** Proposed Treatments No Limiting Factors
 - **♦** Proposed Treatments With Limiting Factors
- > The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:
 - ♦ Base feature information, stand numbers, cover types
 - **♦** Proposed treatments
 - ♦ Proposed road access system
 - **♦** Suggested potential old growth







Covertype, Acres, and Age summary

Roscommon Mgt. Unit

(Level 3 Cover Type)

Compartment 109 Year of Entry 2011

Report Date: 08/28/2009



Age Class A CANADA 12,13 70,73 \$ \$ 70× Aspen Types **Emergent Wetland** Herbaceous Openland **Lowland Coniferous Forest** Lowland Deciduous Forest Lowland Shrub Mixed non-forested wetland **Natural Pines** Water Total

Roscommon Mgt. Unit **PROPOSED TREATMENTS** Inventory Method: IFMAP s **NO LIMITING FACTORS** t а **Treatment** Acres Stage1 Size Stand

CoverType

Density

Age

Treatment

Method

Treatment

Туре

Compartment: 109 Entry Yr: 2011 Date 08/28/2009

Objective

Cover Type Page 1 of 1

Rev Cmnt: Rev

n

Spec: Next Steps:

> **Total Treatment** Acreage Proposed:

Name

0

Roscommon Mgt. Unit S t **Inventory Method: IFMAP** PROPOSED TREATMENTS WITH LIMITING FACTORS

Compartment: 109

Entry Yr: 2011 Date 08/28/2009

а Acres Stage1 Size Stand Treatment **Treatment Cover Type** Page 1 of 1 **Treatment** n Cover Type Density Method Objective Age Type d Name

Limiting Factor and Comment:

Rev Cmnt:

Rev Spec:

Next Steps:

No Treatment Reason

Total Treatment

Acreage Proposed:

0

Roscommon Mgt. Unit

Compartment: 109 Date: 08/28/2009

PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

Page 1 of 1

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

Inventory Method: IFMAP

Stand	SCA Name	Acres	Comments

Report Date: 08/28/2009 Roscommon Mgt. Unit

Compartment: 109

DEDICATED CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of Dedicated Biodiversity Areas for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to Dedicated Conservation Area Map for areas that the below listed Conservation Areas are located.

Conservation Area	n Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
SCA	Archaeological Site	An aquatic or terrestrial area of the State that contains physical remains of human occupation. These are sites of cultural and historical significance that may occur upon terrestrial areas and Great Lakes bottomlands. They include thousands of Native American settlements and burial sites, as well as French and British outposts, nineteenth century logging camps, mines and homesteads. Beneath the waters of the Great Lakes, there are shipwrecks and other remains documenting the maritime trade. Such sites may be identified by Natural heritage data from the State Historic Preservation Office. Proposed treatments in this compartment will be implemented in such a manner as to maintain the integrity of these sites. Due to the sensitive nature of this information, no further detail about location is available.	
SCA	Research and Military Areas	These areas provide facilities and lands specifically dedicated for include the 5,847 acre Forest Fire Experiment Station, the 12,000 Area, the Beaver Islands Archipelago Wildlife Research Area (the High and Hog Islands, all state owned land on Beaver, South Fow Wildlife Research Area, the 3,000 acre Hunt Creek Fisheries Research, and over 144,000 acres of Military Lands.	Dacre Houghton Lake Wildlife Research at includes most of Garden Island, all of and North Fox Islands), the Cusino