

NO PHOTO AVAILABLE

Significant Date:

Statehood Era (1815-1860)

Registry Year: 1987 Erected Date: 1987

Marker Location

Address: 1 Vandenberg Center

City: Grand Rapids

State: **MI** *ZipCode:*

County: Kent

Township: Walker

Lat: 42.96740600 / Long: -85.67196000

Web URL:

Front - Title/Description

Vandenberg Center

Vandenberg Center encompasses 12.5 acres lying to the northeast of this site. It was part of the land originally registered on September 19, 1831, by Louis Campau, Grand Rapids's first permanent settler. Campau platted the village of Grand Rapids, running his streets at right angles to what was known as upper Monroe Avenue, now Monroe Mall. Just to the north, on land purchased from Campau, land surveyor Lucius Lyon platted the village of Kent, laying the streets squarely on the compass. There was no direct connection between the two street plans until 1873. Vandenberg Center was once the site of industry, commerce, hotels, and government offices. The federal urban renewal program of the 1960s cleared the area, providing space for the new citycounty complex, the Gerald R. Ford Federal Building, and other office structures.

Back - Title/Description

Arthur Hendrick Vandenberg

Arthur H. Vandenberg was born in Grand Rapids on March 22, 1884. Poverty forced him to work a variety of jobs as a youth, but by 1906 he was editor of the Grand Rapids Herald. In 1928 Governor Fred Green appointed him to the United States Senate, a position he held until his death in 1951. In the 1930s Vandenberg fathered the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and supported isolationism. However, during World War II he decided that international involvement was unavoidable, and in 1945 he helped draft the United Nations Charter. A lifelong Republican, he was a post-war advocate of bipartisan foreign policy. He led senate support of aid to Greece and Turkey and the Marshall Plan. His "Vandenberg Resolution" paved the way for the North Atlantic