

Appendix 2

Known past and present fish distributions in the Thunder Bay River system. Distribution of fishes were compiled from Bailey et al. (2003) and from records located at the Michigan Department of Natural Resources Gaylord Operations Service Center, the Michigan Department of Natural Resources, Hunt Creek Fisheries Research Station, and from the Michigan Department of Natural Resources Fish Collection System. For species that are listed under Michigan's Endangered Species Act (Part 365, Endangered Species Protection, of the Natural Resource and Environmental Protection Act, Act 451 of the Public Acts of 1994), their status follows their scientific name. Categories are declining, rare, special concern, threatened, extinct, and locally extinct.

Habitat descriptions were compiled from the Fishes of Ohio (Trautman 1981), Freshwater Fishes of Canada (Scott and Crossman 1973), Fishes of Wisconsin (Becker 1983, Fishes of Missouri (Pflieger 1975), and Fishes of the Great Lakes Region (Hubbs and Lagler 1947).

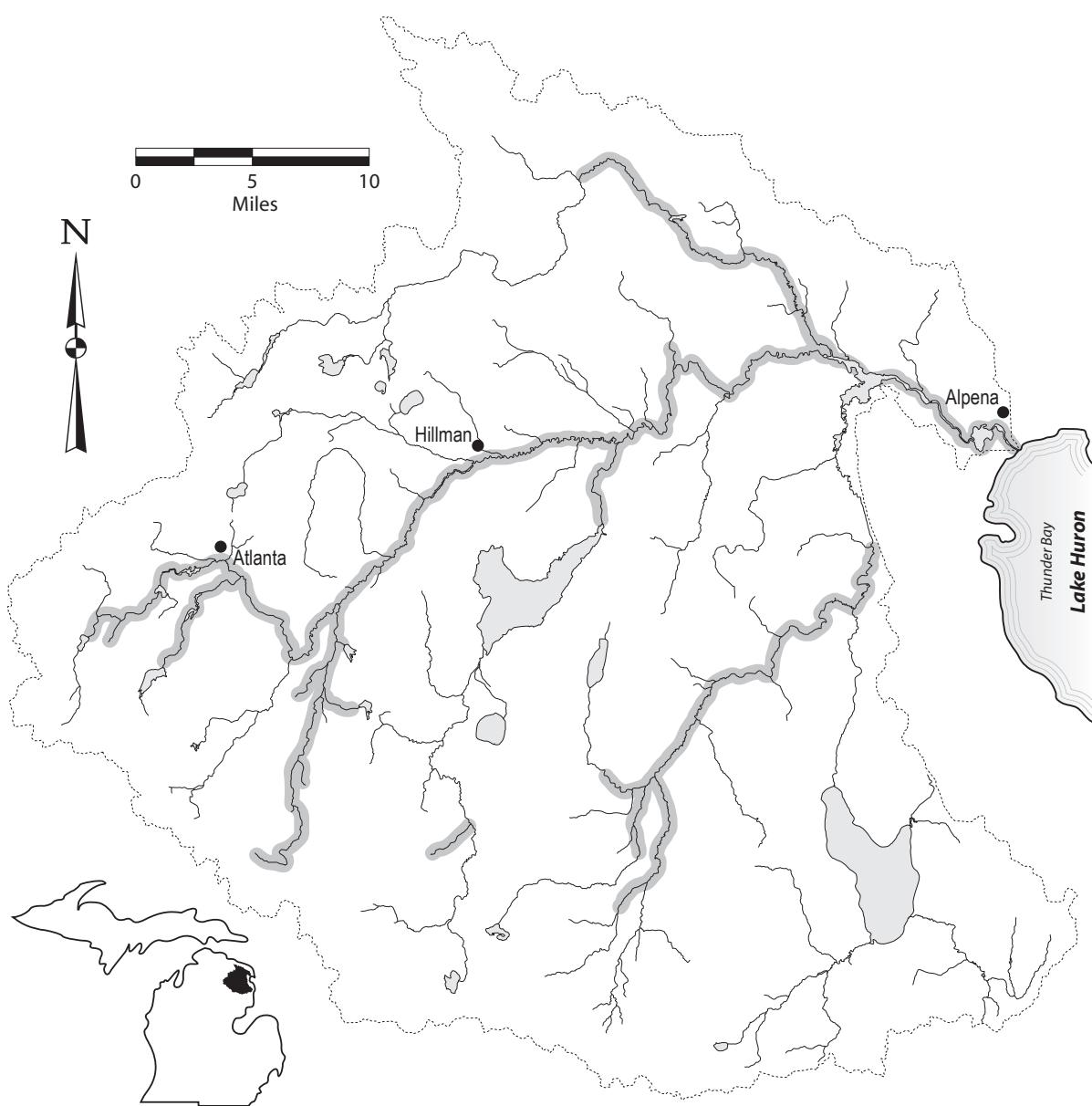
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Northern brook lamprey (*Ichthyomyzon fossor*)

Habitat:

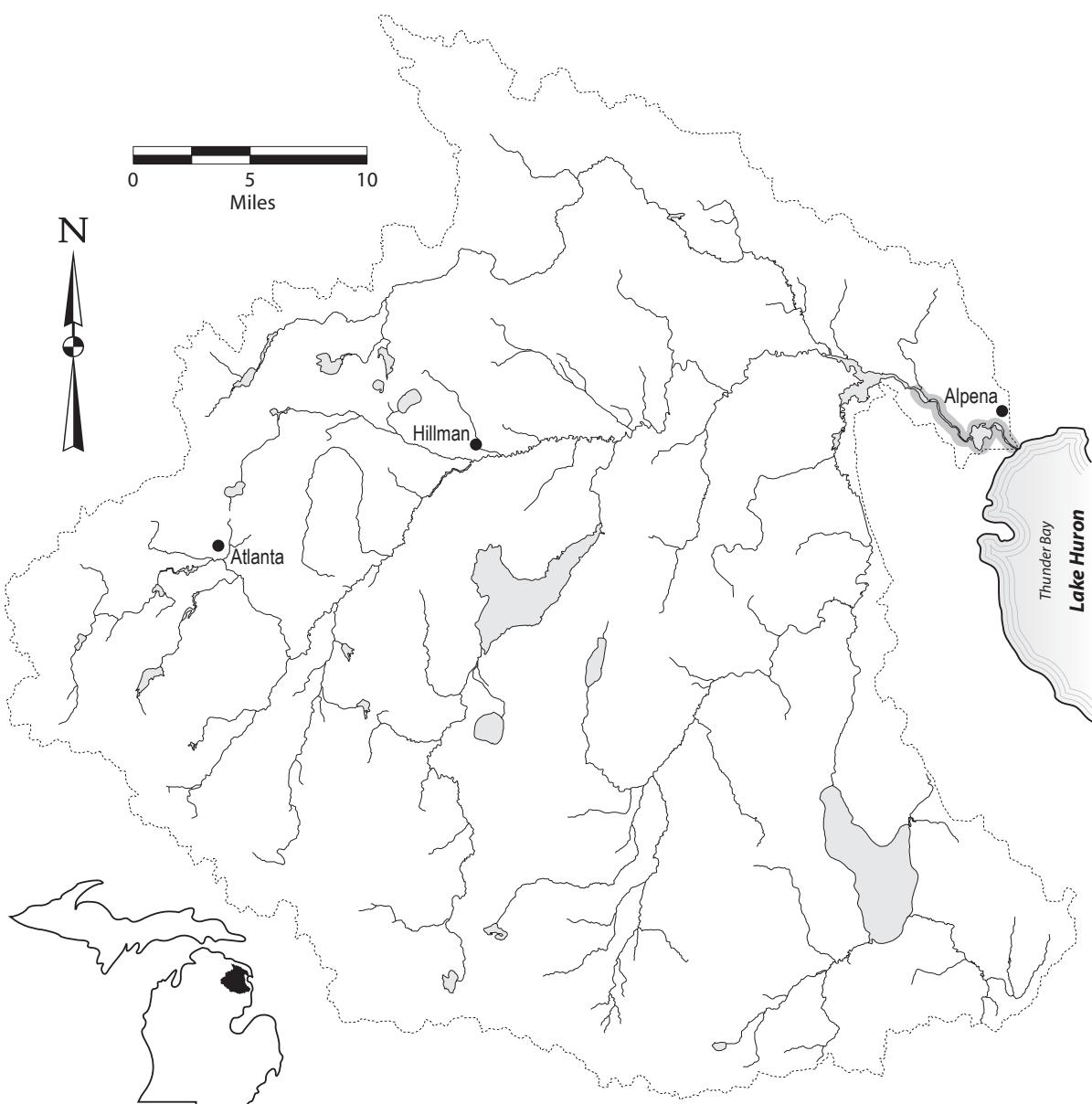
- feeding
 - young: low gradient, substrate with bars and beds of mixed sand and organic debris
 - moderately warm water
- spawning
 - clear, high gradient streams (<15 feet wide)
 - riffles with sand or gravel substrate



Silver lamprey (*Ichthyomyzon unicuspis*)

Habitat:

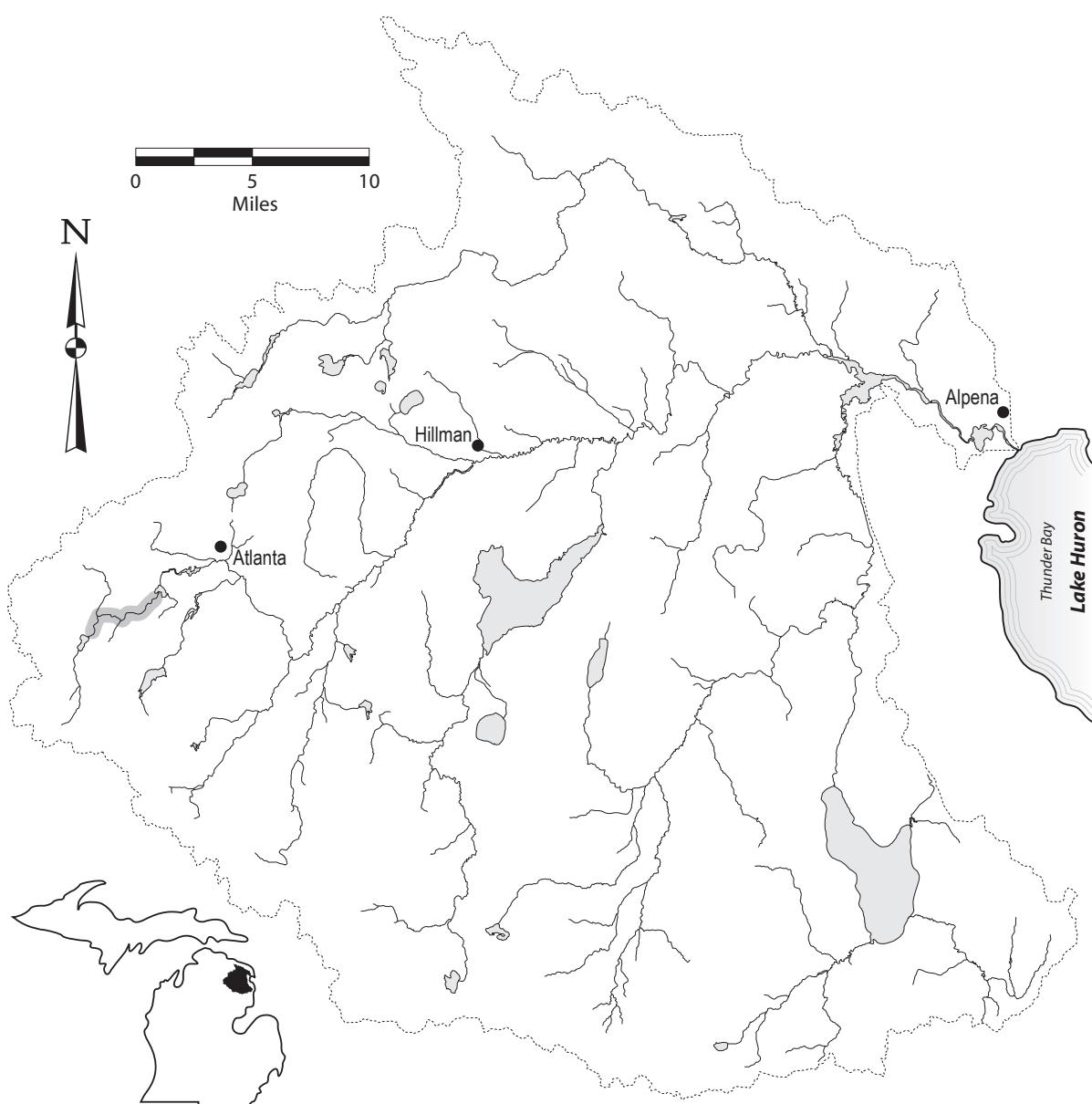
- feeding
 - young:sand,muck,or organic debris substrate
 - adults:clear river water with prey species
- spawning
 - gravel and sand substrate
 - moderate gradient
 - moderate size stream
 - cannot tolerate silt
 - no dams
- winter refuge
 - ammocetes burrow for 4 to 7 years in mud and silt at river margins



American brook lamprey (*Lampetra appendix*)

Habitat:

- feeding
 - young: low gradient, substrate with bars and beds of mixed sand and organic debris
 - clear cool stream water, sensitive to turbidity
- spawning
 - clear, high gradient streams (>15 feet wide)
 - cold water
 - gravel substrate
- winter refuge
 - sand or silt substrate for amnocytes

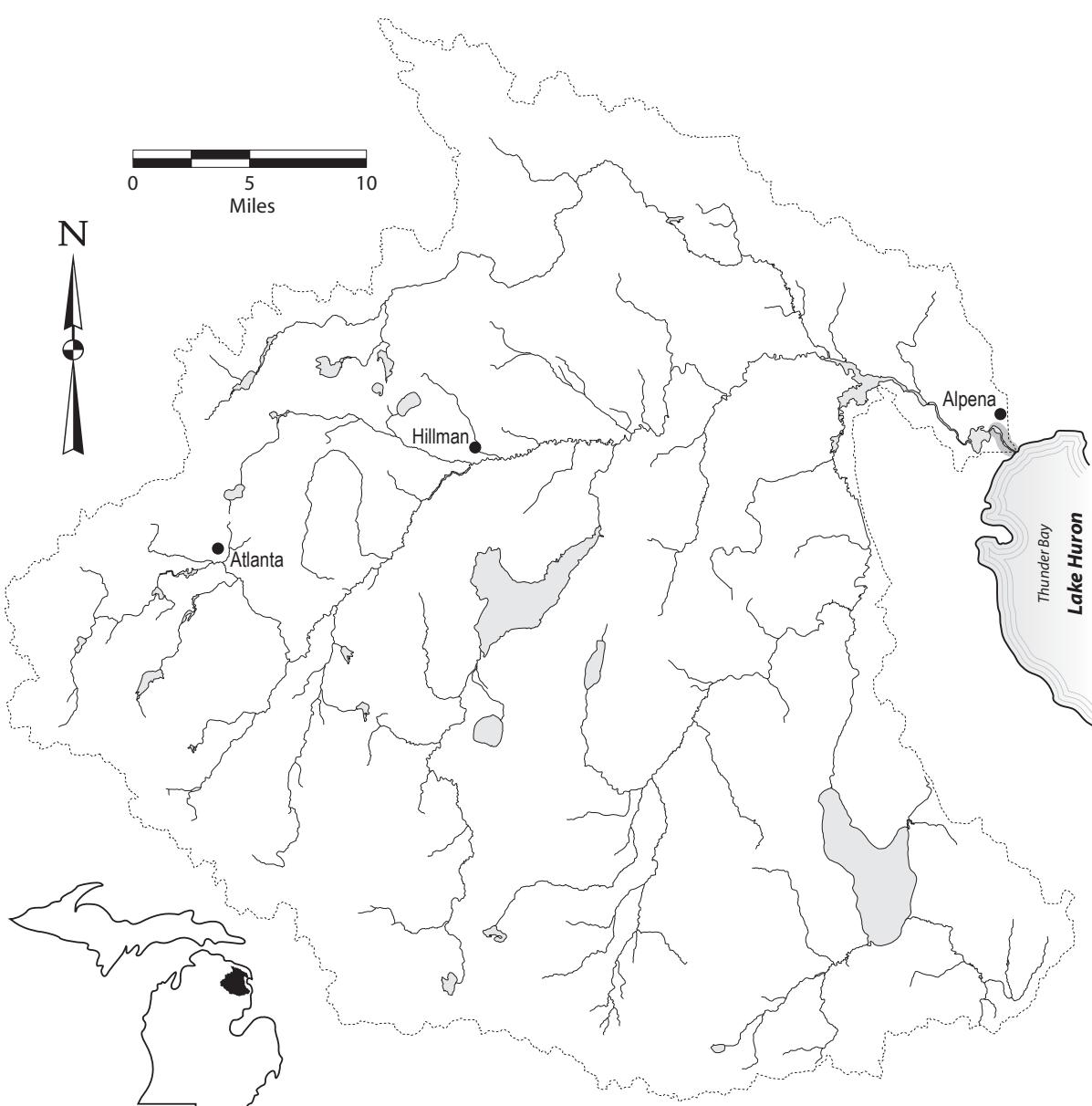


Sea lamprey (*Petromyzon marinus*)

Habitat:

feeding - young: substrate with beds of sand mixed with organic debris
- cannot tolerate silt
- adults: clear cool water of Lake Huron

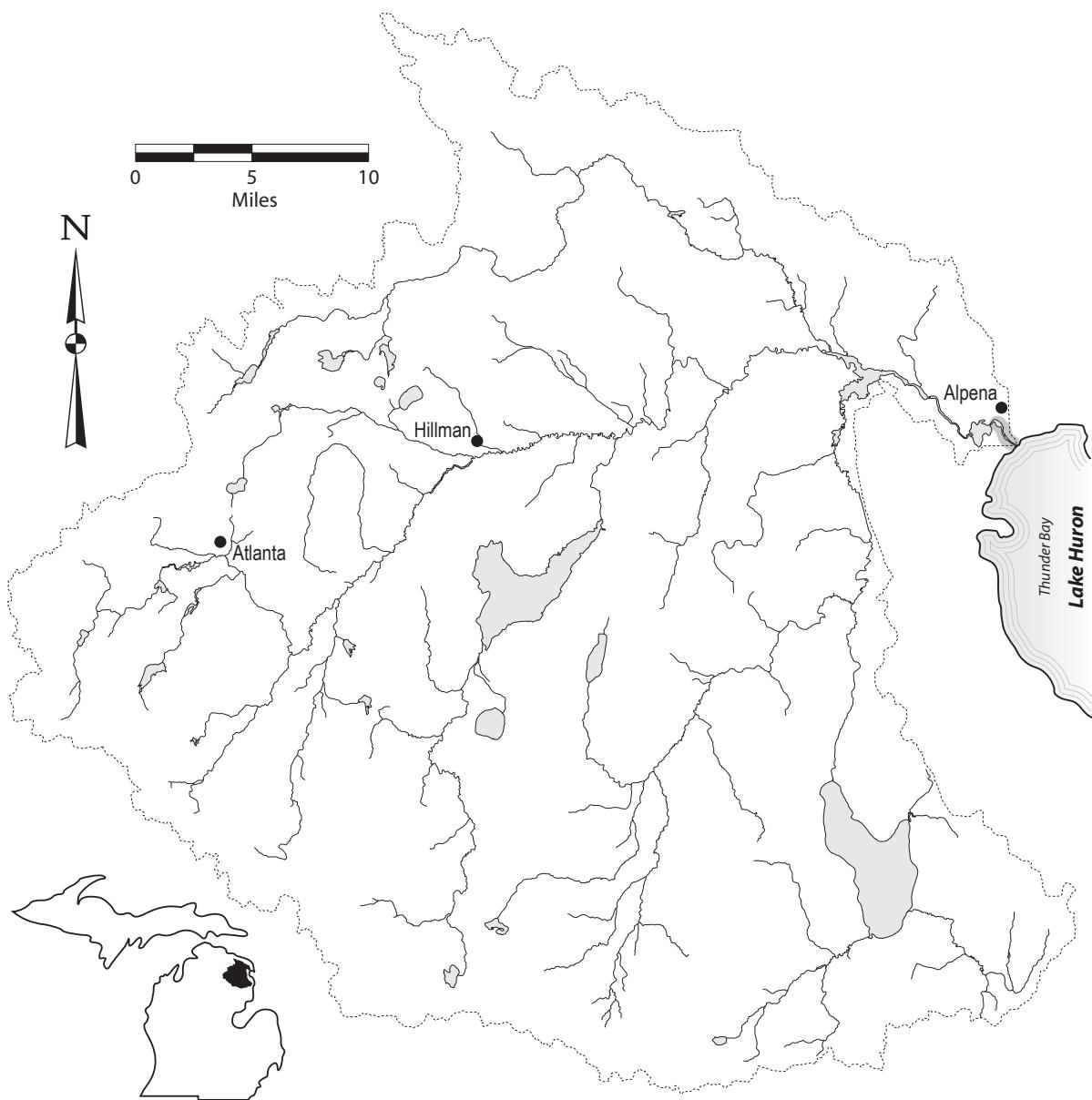
spawning - no dams
- riffles with sand and gravel substrates



Lake sturgeon (*Acipenser fulvescens*) – threatened

Habitat:

- feeding
 - shoal areas of large rivers, lakes, and impoundments
 - gravel, sand, rock substrates
- spawning
 - in or before rapids, at the base of dams in rivers
 - in 2-15 feet of water
 - swift current
 - rocky ledges or around rocky islands in Great Lakes

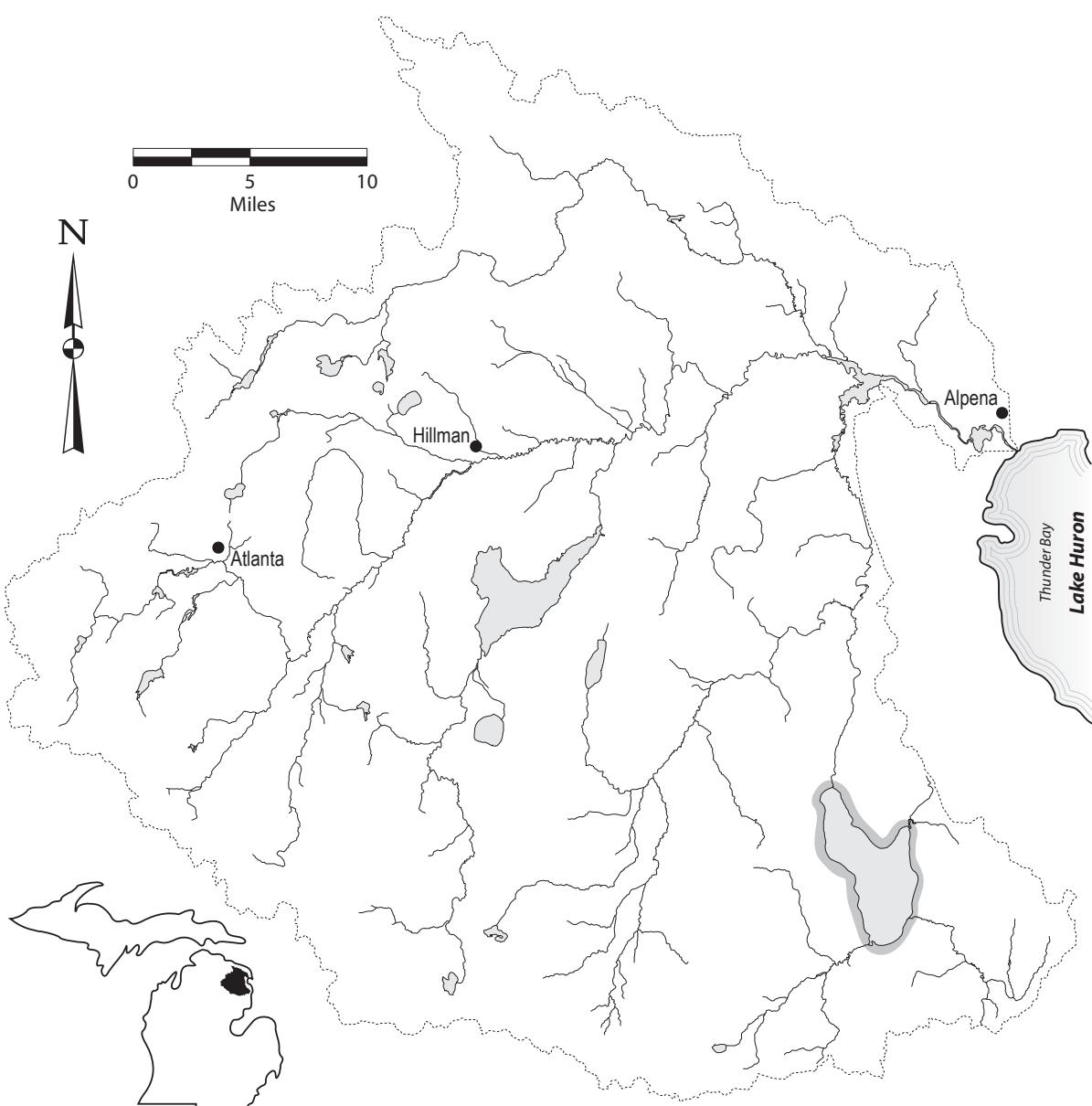


Longnose gar (*Lepisosteus osseus*)

Habitat:

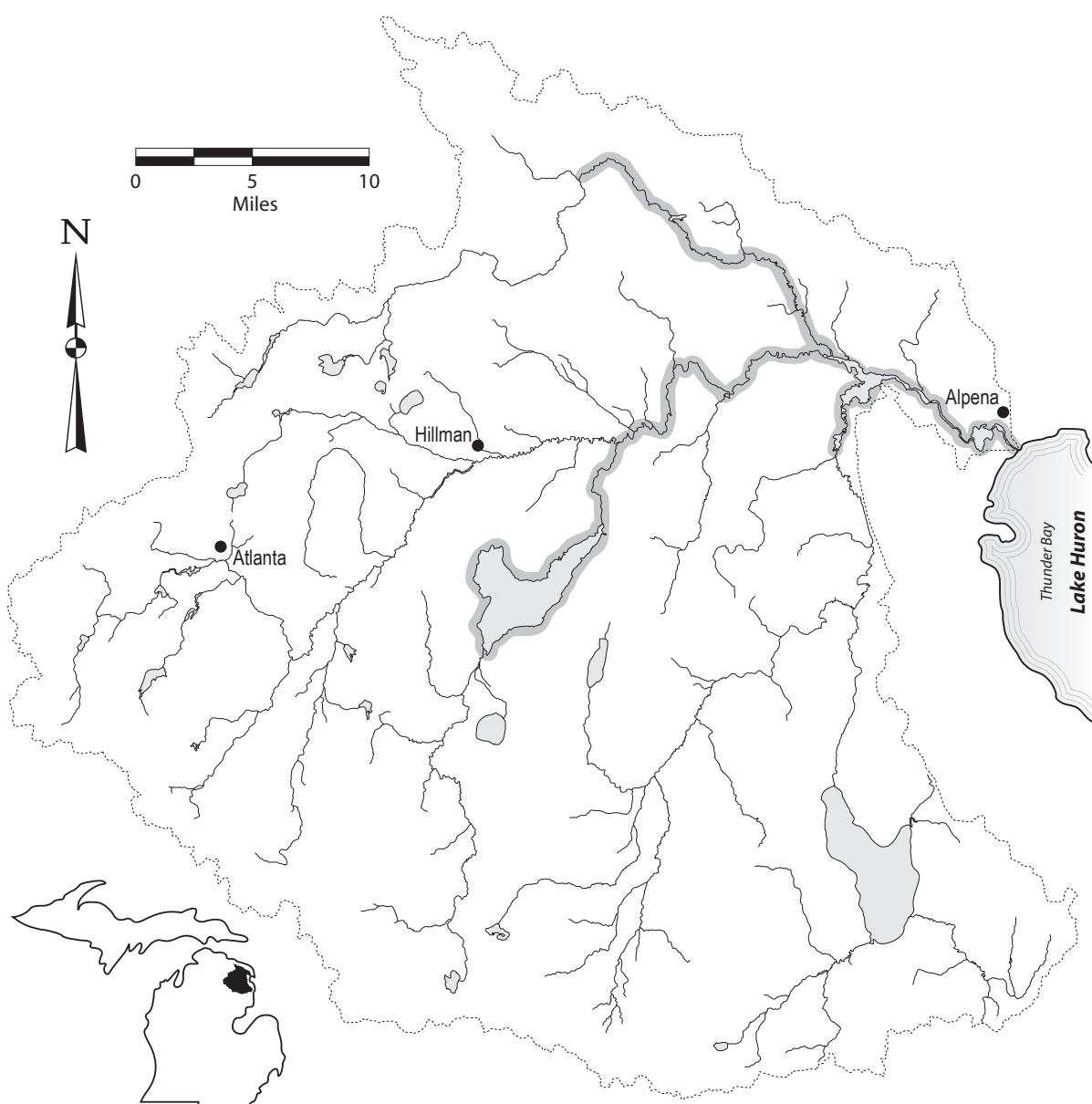
- feeding
 - adults: in deeper water
 - young: in shallows
 - clear water, low-gradient streams, lakes, and impoundments
 - will feed in moderate current
 - aquatic vegetation preferred, but not necessary
 - open water fish

spawning - warm shallow water of lakes or streams over vegetation



Bowfin (*Amia calva*)**Habitat:**

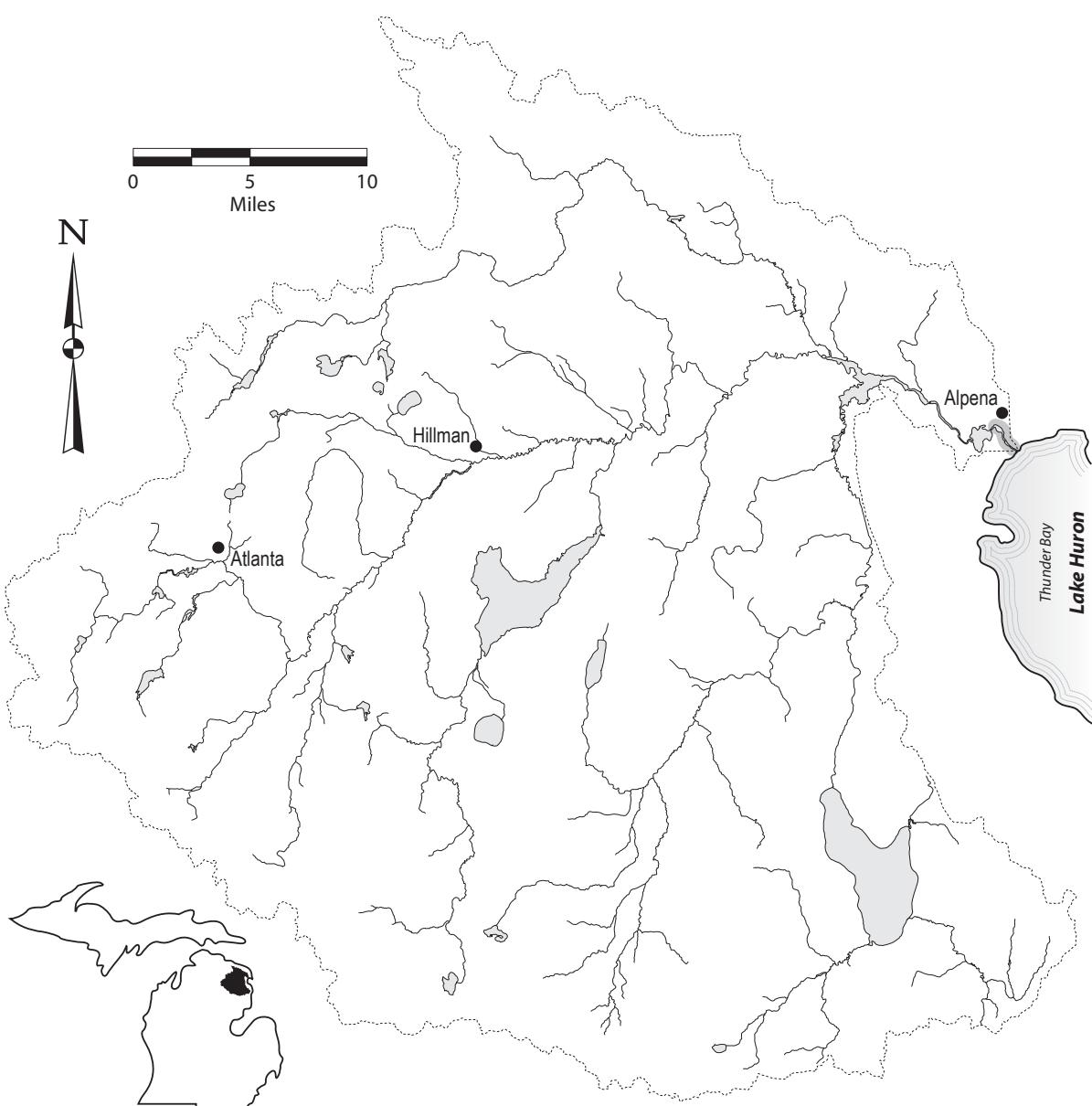
- feeding
 - clear water
 - abundant rooted aquatic vegetation
 - low gradient streams, lakes, and impoundments
 - tolerate only small amount of silt
- spawning
 - need vegetated water, 1 to 2 feet deep
 - can spawn under logs, stumps, or bushes
- winter refuge
 - gravelly pockets among aquatic vegetation



Alewife (*Alosa pseudoharengus*)

Habitat:

- feeding - adults: deep water of Lake Huron
 - young: shallow water of Lake Huron
 - prefers warmer waters
- spawning - streams or shallow beaches of lake
 - sand or gravelly substrate
- winter refuge - deep water



Gizzard shad (*Dorosoma cepedianum*)

Habitat:

- feeding - large streams with low gradient, impoundments, and Lake Huron
- tolerant of clear and turbid water

- spawning - shallow areas of ponds, lakes, and large rivers
- low gradient

