



**SAULT FOREST MANAGEMENT UNIT
COMPARTMENT REVIEW PRESENTATION**

COMPARTMENT # 168 ENTRY YEAR: 2009

Compartment Acreage: 1,809 County: Mackinac

Revision Date: October 3, 2007

Stand Examiner: Karen Rodock

Legal Description: T44N-R8W Sections 5 & 6; Hudson Township
T44N-R9W Section 1; Garfield Township

RMU (if applicable):

Management Goals: The compartment lies 5 miles north of Garnet on the Luce-Mackinac County border. This compartment last year of entry (yoe) was actively managed to promote age class diversity in the aspen/mixed upland deciduous/mixed upland forest stands. These stands from last yoe and previous harvesting cycles have increased the aspen/mixed deciduous stands into the younger age classes within this compartment. The aspen/mixed deciduous stands have regenerated well with species diversity within the stands. Some of the older aspen/mixed deciduous stands are proposed for treatment to further increase the age class diversity. A lowland mixed deciduous stand is proposed for treatment. A small drainage is present within the stand and will be protected by a buffer. The stand is the lowland variation of Mackinac mix. Some of the northern hardwood stands have proposed selection harvests prescribed. The species diversity within the stands will be maintained. Beech bark disease is prevalent throughout the hardwood stands. Some beech will be retained in all stands and special attention will be to look for resistant trees. Most of the red pine plantations are proposed for a second thinning this yoe. Two of the pine stands are on timber sale contract, one for a second thinning and the other for a clearcut, site prep and plant to red pine. Some of the old opening which have filled in with trees will be treated with the adjacent stands to remove trees to make the stand an opening again.

Soil and Topography: The compartment is mostly composed of outwash plains and ground moraines with the upland stand having soils composed of Wallace sand, Wallace-Alcona complex, Amadon-Longrie sandy loams, Longrie-Battydoe stony complex, Battydoe, stony-Wallace complex, Battydoe fine sandy loam, Menominee loamy sand, Pullup fine sand, Kalkaska sand and grading into Paquin sand, and Wallace-Spot complex. The terrain varies from nearly level to steep. There are stony areas with limestone bedrock at the surface. There are both sand (Udipsammens & Udorthents) and limestone pit locations within the compartment. The lowland soils are mostly Spot-Finch Complex, Markey-Spot-Finch complex, Dawson & Loxley peats and Histosols & Aquents.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment: There are two private forties with cabins within this compartment in Section 6 along the Borgstrom Road. The land surrounding this compartment in Mackinac County is in state ownership. The north side of the compartment has private land along the north side of Section 1, except for the NWNW, and Section 6 has private land along the north boundary of the NW quarter. There are seasonal and permanent residences along the

Borgstrom Road in Luce County. Hendricks Quarry in Sections 1 and 6 is under active lease for limestone exploration. The access to the quarry is limited by gates and berms controlled by the lessee.

Unique, Natural Features (include only non-site specific and non-sensitive information): There is a potential for raptor nests within the northern hardwood stands. Some hawk nests have been found in the surrounding area. When doing selection harvests, stands will be checked for stick nests and necessary set backs around the nests and timing of the harvest will be adjusted to minimize disturbance. Potential exists for other rare, threatened and endangered species and communities to exist in the area.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features (include only non-site specific and non-sensitive information): Evidence of old foundations exist within the compartment. Information has been sent on to the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).

Special Management Designations or Considerations: There is a small intermittent wetland area within stand 52 which will need to be buffered when stand is harvested. The buffer will be used for meeting the retention guidelines for the stand. The Hendricks Quarry is under lease to Payne and Dolan for limestone exploration. The lease requires maintaining gates on all access roads into the quarry area. The total lease is for 223 acres of state land surrounding the current quarry location. The size of the exposed quarry has not changed much since the original lease was signed in December of 1999. Stand 31 is a mixed stand with an apple tree orchard within it. The apple trees have not been maintained in years and are deteriorating in health. Propose to do some maintenance of the trees through prison crew or volunteers to retain the apple trees. Seasonal or road condition use restrictions may be placed on the Cranberry Lake Road and McCleod Truck Trail.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations: Good. All headwater branches of the East Branch Sage River in Mackinac County are classified as Type 1 trout water. They support natural brook and brown trout populations, but Fisheries Division does not actively manage them. Although the populations are not high enough to support a “bunch” of anglers, the streams will provide some harvest for the knowledgeable. They should be protected from new erosion. The stream corridors should be managed to discourage beaver as much as possible.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations: This compartment has a diverse mix of stand types with a large portion of multiage class of aspen. Management that creates this varied landscape optimizes value to numerous wildlife including woodcock, ruffed grouse, deer, and woodpecker species.

Terrestrial reserve areas or core habitat zones surrounding streams, ponds, and ephemeral wetlands offer protection for reptile and amphibian populations. Interruption of migration activity to breeding areas is one consequence of operation of equipment within this core habitat. Additionally, decreasing forest canopy closure in adjacent terrestrial habitat causes changes in microhabitat and soil temperature which poses serious threats to many amphibians. These species contribute to the prey base for many reptiles, birds, and mammals, thus this habitat is an important component in the food web and is critical to maintaining a diverse community of species. Considering that one of our management goals is the conservation of biological diversity, we must incorporate this information into our management decisions, and by doing so assure that the variety and abundance of all species continues on in a healthy and productive state.

Northern hardwood management will focus on reserving large diameter trees and snags for cavity, den, and foraging habitat and future dead and down woody debris.

Species observed benefiting from land management within this compartment were ruffed grouse with poults, hairy woodpecker, chickadee, blue jay, hairy woodpecker, downy woodpecker, cedar waxwing, northern flicker, spring peeper, and white-tailed deer.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions: Surface sediments consist of lacustrine (lake) sand and gravel in places thin to discontinuous over bedrock. There is insufficient data to determine the glacial drift thickness. The Silurian Burnt Bluff Group subcrops below the glacial drift. The Burnt Bluff is quarried for stone/limestone in Section 1 at Hendricks quarry. Sand pits are located in the area. Gravel pits are not located in the compartment and potential may be limited. There is no current economic oil and gas production in the UP.

Vehicle Access: This compartment has good access to most areas within the compartment. The Borgstrom Road is a county maintained paved road. Dollar Lake Road, a county maintained gravel road, and Cranberry Lake Road, a gravel DNR road, are within the compartment. The other roads within the compartment are state forest roads. Most of the state forest roads are poor dirt roads with little maintenance. There are some closed roads within the compartment which have berms, are grown in and/or have trees down on them. These roads will remain closed if any harvesting activity takes place on the road after harvest is complete. The roads open to vehicle traffic will remain open.

Survey Needs: None needed.

Recreational Facilities and Opportunities: Snowmobile trail 9 goes through the south west part of the compartment on the McCleod Truck Trail. The area is used for a variety of recreational activity including motor vehicle (ORV and snowmobile), hunting, trapping, fishing, bird watching, sight seeing, and mushroom and berry picking.

Fire Protection: This compartment has a low potential for larger fires. The major timber types are deciduous with a lower potential to carry a fire. There are some red pine and spruce plantations with conifer slash on the ground. The vehicle access is good within the compartment for a quicker response to a fire start. There are some wetland stands with standing water in the spring and summer to help slow the spread. A 17 acre wildfire occurred this past summer (2007) just to the west of this compartment from a nonextinguished campfire. Some evidence of old fires and lightning strikes were found within the compartment.

Additional Compartment Information: None.

- **Cover Type details, Proposed Treatments, and Stand listings are listed in the attached reports:**
 - ◆ **Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors**
 - ◆ **Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors**
 - ◆ **Stand Listing – Forested**
 - ◆ **Stand Listing – Non Forested**
 - ◆ **Special Conservation Area (SCA) Details**

- **The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:**
 - ◆ **Base feature information, stand numbers, cover types**
 - ◆ **Proposed treatments**
 - ◆ **Proposed road access system**
 - ◆ **SCA – Special Conservation Areas**



Stage 1 Acres Summary By Level 3 Cover Type By Age

Compartment: 45168

Date: 10/2/2007

	0	1-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	>89	Uneven Age	Grand Total
Aspen Types	0	309.2	207.4	18.5	40.4	164.9	23.1	0	0	0	0	5.6	769.1
Emergent Wetland	8.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8.6
Exposed Rock	33.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33.4
Herbaceous Openland	51.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51.5
Low-Density Trees	8.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8.2
Lowland Coniferous Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	17.1	0	34.1
Lowland Deciduous Forest	0	0	13.3	0	0	0	9.3	0	0	18.3	0	0	40.9
Lowland Mixed Forest	0	0	2.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46.5	0	48.7
Lowland Shrub	65.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65.5
Mixed Upland Conifers	0	0	14.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33.2	0	47.6
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	0	4.9	3.5	0	0	12.6	0	0	0	0	0	21
Northern Hardwood	0	0	0	10.6	0	0	37.7	3.3	32.1	149.1	88.6	0	321.4
Other Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	35.2	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	37.3
Other Upland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.2	0	0	0	0	0	5.2
Planted Pines	0	0	0	0	22.7	60.8	123.8	31.6	0	0	0	0	238.9
Road/Parking Lot	11.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11.8
Sand, Soil	6.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.1
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	59.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	59.6
Grand Total	185.1	309.2	242.2	32.6	98.3	287.4	211.7	34.9	49.1	167.4	185.4	5.6	1808.9

**PROPOSED TREATMENTS
NO LIMITING FACTORS**

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Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CovType	Size Density	1st Age	2nd Age	Treatment Method	Treatment Purpose	Cover Type Objective	Pg. 1
1 45168001-Cut	34.6	4111 - S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	9	83	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Cmnt:</u> Beech bark disease is affecting the beech within this stand. The stand was partly treated last yoe with aspen clones and other trees select cut.									
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Spec:</u> Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal area. retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood, basswood and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the cherry and yellow birch if possible to regenerate those species and enhance the advanced regeneration present. Retain some large wolfy trees in the south east corner of the stand.									
<u>Next</u>									
<u>Steps:</u> Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, yellow birch, basswood, aspen and ironwood.									
9 45168009-Cut	3.6	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	9	73	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Cmnt:</u> Beech bark disease is affecting the beech within this stand. The rest of the stand in compartment 169 stand 28 is not prescribed for treatment.									
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Spec:</u> Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal Area. Retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood, aspen and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the cherry and yellow birch if possible to regenerate those species and enhance the advanced regeneration present.									
<u>Next</u>									
<u>Steps:</u> Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, basswood, aspen and ironwood.									
22 45168022-Cut	26.7	42110 - Planted Red Pine	9	54	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Cmnt:</u> The south west edge of stand is along the snowmobile trail.									
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Spec:</u> Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.									
<u>Next</u>									
<u>Steps:</u>									
24 45168024_cc-Cut	19.8	4130 - Aspen	6	44	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Regeneration	Aspen	
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Cmnt:</u> Only the east portion of the stand is to be harvested. The west portion will be left for age class diversity and wildlife.									
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Spec:</u> Trees will be left for retention within the stand following the retention guidelines.									
<u>Next</u>									
<u>Steps:</u> Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is aspen, maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, ironwood, balsam fir, white spruce and white pine.									
26 45168026-Cut	10.6	4116 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Aspen	4	22	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Opening Maintenance	Mixed Upland Herbaceous	
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Cmnt:</u> This stand is an opening which is filling in. Can be commercially harvested with adjacent stands. Wildlife wants some clumps of trees left or a portion of the stand on the west side. Will determine when doing timber sale preparation.									
<u>Rev</u>									
<u>Spec:</u> Some trees will be left for retention within the stand for wildlife. Will leave clumps of trees or a portion on the west side of stand for retention as per request of wildlife.									
<u>Next</u>									
<u>Steps:</u> Check stand after harvest to see if followup treatment is necessary to maintain the opening.									

**PROPOSED TREATMENTS
NO LIMITING FACTORS**

S t a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CovType	Size Density	1st Age	2nd Age	Treatment Method	Treatment Purpose	Cover Type Objective	Pg. 2
27	45168027-Cut	29.4	42110 - Planted Red Pine	9	54	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	This is the second thinning for this stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	No followup needed.									
28	45168028-Cut	24.8	4111 - S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	6	76	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	S.Maple, Hard Mast Association	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	Good diversity of species in this stand. Beech bark disease is present in the stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal Area. Retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood, basswood and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the aspen if possible to regenerate the species and enhance the advanced regeneration present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, paper and yellow birch, basswood, aspen and ironwood.									
31	45168031-Cut	14.4	429 - Mixed Upland Conifers	1	17	0	Single Tree Selection	Opening Maintenance	Low Density Deciduous Trees	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	This stand is an old apple orchard which is filling in with a variety of species.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Would like to use a prison crew or volunteer labor to clean up the opening and prune apple to maintain the trees. Would maintain species diversity within the stand.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Check stand after the treatment to evaluate if any other treatment is necessary to maintain the stand.									
32	45168032-Cut	6.3	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	9	90	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	Sugar Maple Association	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand has a steep hill with exposed bedrock in the middle of the stand. Lots of aspen clones within the stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal Area. Retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood, basswood and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the aspen if possible to regenerate the species and enhance the advanced regeneration present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, aspen, ironwood, balsam fir, white spruce and white pine.									
35	45168035-Cut	20.4	4116 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Aspen	4	56	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Opening Maintenance	Mixed Upland Herbaceous	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	This stand is an opening which is filling in. Can be commercially harvested with adjacent stands. Will determine if it will be clumps of trees left or leave a portion on the north side of the stand during timber sale preparation.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Some trees will be left for retention within the stand for wildlife. Will leave clumps of trees or a portion on the north side of stand for retention as per request of wildlife.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Check stand after harvest to see if followup treatment is necessary to maintain the opening.									

**PROPOSED TREATMENTS
NO LIMITING FACTORS**

S t a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CovType	Size Density	1st Age	2nd Age	Treatment Method	Treatment Purpose	Cover Type Objective	Pg. 3
42	45168042-Cut	22.7	42110 - Planted Red Pine	6	37	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand has been row thinned. This is the second thinning for this stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	No followup necessary.									
50	45168050-Cut	40.9	42110 - Planted Red Pine	6	54	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand is under contract on Short Work Pine 45-116-04-01.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Thin to around 120 BA. Leave species diversity where present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	No followup treatment is necessary.									
52	45168052-Cut	7.3	6112 - Lowland Aspen	6	57	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Regeneration	Lowland Aspen	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand is along Borgstrom Road. Part of the stand does get wet in the spring. Good conifer and hardwood component in the stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Trees will be left for retention within the stand following the retention guidelines. The intermittent wetland area will be cut out from the harvest area.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is aspen, maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, ironwood, balsam fir, white spruce and white pine.									
56	45168056-Cut	5.6	6122 - Black Spruce	6	79	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Regeneration	Black Spruce	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand is a black spruce stand with a few white pine, maple and paper birch.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Trees will be left for retention within the stand following the retention guidelines.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is aspen, maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, ironwood, balsam fir, white spruce and white pine.									
57	45168057-Cut	17.6	42110 - Planted Red Pine	6	54	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand was third row thinned previously. This is the second thinning of the stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	No follow up is necessary.									
66	45168066-Cut	13.6	4130 - Aspen	9	52	0	Clearcut with Reserves	Regeneration	Aspen	
<u>Rev</u> <u>Cmnt:</u>	The stand is along the Borgstrom Road. There are a few small openings within the stand.									
<u>Rev</u> <u>Spec:</u>	Trees will be left for retention within the stand following the retention guidelines. The retention will be left along the east side of the stand.									
<u>Next</u> <u>Steps:</u>	Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is aspen, maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, ironwood, balsam fir, white spruce and white pine.									

**PROPOSED TREATMENTS
NO LIMITING FACTORS**

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Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CovType	Size Density	1st Age	2nd Age	Treatment Method	Treatment Purpose	Cover Type Objective	Pg. 4
69 45168069-Cut	11.2	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	9	111	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	

Rev
Cmnt: The stand has good diversity of species. Some blowdown and beech bark disease is present.

Rev
Spec: Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal Area. Retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood where present and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the cherry if possible to regenerate those species and enhance the advanced regeneration present.

Next
Steps: Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, yellow and paper birch, aspen, balsam fir and white spruce and ironwood.

70 45168070-Cut	27.6	42110 - Planted Red Pine	6	47	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
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Rev
Cmnt: The stand was third row thinned last yoe. This is the second thinning for this stand.

Rev
Spec: Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.

Next
Steps: No followup is necessary on this stand.

78 45168078-Cut	32.0	42110 - Planted Red Pine	6	47	0	Systematic Thinning	Intermediate Cut	Planted Red Pine	
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Rev
Cmnt: The stand was third row thinned the yoe. This is the second thinning for this stand. Some areas will need to be very lightly. The stand is along the Borgstrom Road.

Rev
Spec: Thin to around 120 Basal Area. Leave species diversity within the stand were present.

Next
Steps: No followup is necessary.

98 45168098-Cut	31.6	42110 - Planted Red Pine	9	68	0	Clearcut	Regeneration	Planted Red Pine	
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Rev
Cmnt: This stand is under contract on Short Work Pine 45-116-04-01. The stand is in process of being harvested now.

Rev
Spec: The stand is being clearcut under timber sale contract and will be replanted to red pine. Follow specifications for the timber sale contract.

Next
Steps: Followup treatment is to replant site to red pine on FTP # C44-544. The stand must be established within 3 years of the timber cutting report. The site prep after clearcut can and/or will include prescribe burn, trenching, planting of red pine and appropriate herbicide application to use as necessary for release of the red pine.

106 45168106-Cut	9.1	4112 - Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	9	91	0	Single Tree Selection	Regeneration	Maple, Beech, Cherry Association	
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Rev
Cmnt: The stand is split by the new portion of the Borgstrom Road. The stand has good species diversity. Beech bark disease is present.

Rev
Spec: Mark stand to 80 to 90 Basal Area. Retain some beech with the smooth bark and wildlife trees. Some ironwood and all juneberry and conifer should be left. Some larger canopy gaps may be desirable around the cherry (were present) and yellow birch if possible to regenerate those species and enhance the advanced regeneration present.

Next
Steps: Followup treatment with regeneration survey within 4 years after the timber cutting report. Acceptable regeneration is maple, cherry, beech, yellow birch, basswood, aspen, Balsam fir, white spruce and ironwood.

**Total Treatment
Acreage Proposed: 410.0**

**PROPOSED TREATMENTS
WITH LIMITING FACTORS**

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Treatment Name	Acres	Stage1 CovType	Size Density	1st Age	2nd Age	Treatment Method	Treatment Purpose	Cover Type Objective	Pg. 1
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Limiting Factor and Comment:

Rev Cmnt:

No Stands with Limiting Factors

Rev Spec:

Next Steps:

Total Treatment
Acreage Proposed: 0

